Child Development 243: Advanced Statistics Multivariate Statistics

Instructors: Jennifer Tanner David Casey

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Office Hours: Monday 8-10 Tuesday 9-11

Also, by appointment Also, by appointment

Class Meeting Time: Thursdays 4:00-5:15 (see Calendar below for specific dates)

Room : Eliot-Pearson Room #163 (Conference Room)

Lab Time: Thursdays 5:30-6:30

Room: Mark Learning Resource Center

Course Overview:

This course is designed to introduce students to multivariate statistics. In this course, students will learn the fundamental components required for use of multivariate techniques; in addition, students will be conceptually introduced to a wide variety of advanced multivariate techniques. The course is designed to provide students with basic knowledge on both *when* and *how* to use specific techniques. A firm understanding of Basic Statistics (i.e., chi-square and correlation) is a prerequisite for this course. This course will prepare students to engage in specialized training in more advanced multivariate techniques (e.g., Structural Equation Modeling and Hierarchical Linear Modeling).

Topics that will be thoroughly covered by the instructors are identified in the course outline beginning on page 3 of this syllabus. Each topic will be discussed with regard to (1) the purpose of the strategy, (2) the "how to" of the strategy (using SPSS), and (3) the application of the strategy in developmental research (how do you "read" the output and translate it into a "write-up" of the method). The first half of each class will be in lecture format, with the purpose of the strategy presented by one of the course instructors. The second half of each course will be in "lab" format at which time we will go, as a class, to the lab and "use" the procedure to analyze data based on specific research questions. Every other week, students will be required to complete homework assignments that will require them to interpret output and discuss the best use for each analytic method as a tool to examine research questions informed by developmental science.

Course Philosophy:

The philosophy of the instructors in regard to this course stresses the salience of knowledge of statistics as a foundation for reading and conducting research. Equivalent

importance is placed on developing a conceptual understanding of each technique and the ability to apply each technique appropriately.

Required Texts and Readings:

- Hair, J., Anderson, R., Tatham, R., & Black, W. (1998). *Multivariate data analysis*, 5th *Edition. Upper* Saddle River, NJ: Prentice Hall.
- Green, S., Salkind, N., & Akey, T. (2000). *Using SPSS for windows: Analyzing and understanding data*, 2nd Edition. Upper Saddle River, NJ: Prentice Hall.

Readings available in the Reserve Section of the Tisch Library

Books on Reserve at the Tisch Library:

- Howell, D. C. (1999). *Fundamental Statistics: For the behavioral sciences (4th ed.)*. Boston, MA: Duxbury Press.
- Tabachnick, B. G., & Fidell, L. S. (2001). *Using multivariate statistics* (4th ed.). Boston, MA: Allyn & Bacon.

Course Calendar

Note: R = indicates that this source is on Reserve at Tisch Library

O = indicates that this source can be obtained through the Tufts on-line library

January 17	Why so much emphasis on statistics?	Lab: Homework 1	J
	What are multivariate statistics?	(Due 2/7)	
	Review of Correlation		

- I. The research question*methods/statistics*results *triad*
- II. Introduction to Multivariate Statistics
- III. Review of Correlation

Required:

- Hair, J., Anderson, R., Tatham, R., & Black, W. (1998). Chapter 1: What is multivariate analysis? pgs. 1-31.
- RGrimm, G. & Yarnold, P. (2000). Chapter 1: Introduction to multivariate statistics. In. L. Grimm & P. Yarnold (Eds.), <u>Reading and Understanding Multivariate Statistics</u> (pp. 1-18). Washington, DC: APA.
- ^RHopkins, K., & Weeks, D. (1990). Tests for normality and measures of skewness and kurtosis: Their place in research reporting. <u>Educational & Psychological Measurement</u>, 50(4), 717-729.

Recommended:

RBrown, G., Harris, T., & Lemyre, L. (1991). Now you see it, now you don't:
Some considerations on multiple regression. In D. Magnusson, L.
Bergman, et al. (Eds.). Problems and Methods in Longitudinal research:
Stability and change. European Network on Longitudinal Studies on
Individual Development, 5. (pp. 67-94). New York, NY: Cambridge
University Press.

RTabachnick, B., & Fidell, L. (2001). Chapter 1: Introduction to Multivariate Statistics, pgs. 1-16.

^RTabachnick, B., & Fidell, L. (2001). Chapter 2: A guide to statistical techniques: Using the book, pgs. 17-30.

^RHowell, D. C. (1999). Chapter 9: Correlation, pgs. 141-169.

January	24	Regression; Multiple Regression	Lab: Homework 1	J
			(Due 2/7)	
I.	Introduction	on to Regression		
II.	Multiple R	egression		

Required:

- Hair, J., Anderson, R., Tatham, R., & Black, W. (1998). Chapter 4: Multiple Regression Analysis. pgs. 141-213.
- ^RLicht, M. (2000). Chapter 2: Multiple regression and correlation. In. L. Grimm & P. Yarnold (Eds.), <u>Reading and Understanding Multivariate Statistics</u> (pp. 19-64). Washington, DC: APA.
- ^RJames, L., & Brett, J. (1984). Mediators, moderators, and tests for mediation. Journal of Applied Psychology, 69, 307-321.
- ^oTram, J., & Cole, D. (2000). Self-perceived competence and the relation between life events and depressive symptoms in adolescence: mediator or moderator? Journal of Abnormal Psychology, 109, 753-760.

Recommended:

RHowell, D. (1999). Chapter 10: Regression, pgs. 172-192.

^RTabachnick, B., & Fidell, L. (2001). Chapter 5: Multiple Regression, pgs. 111-170.

January 31	Multiple Regression;	Lab: Homework 1	J
	Brief Introduction to Path Analysis	(Due 2/7)	

- I. Previous week's readings (cont'd)
- II. Brief Introduction to Path Analysis

Required:

Klem, L. (2000). Path analysis. In. L. Grimm & P. Yarnold (Eds.), <u>Reading and Understanding Multivariate Statistics</u> (pp. 65-98). Washington, DC: APA.

February 7	Review of Chi-Square; ANOVA;	Lab: Homework 2	J
	Two-way ANOVA	(Due 2/21)	

- I. Chi-Square Review
- II. Power
- III. One-Way Analysis of Variance
- IV. Two-way Analysis of Variance; Factorial ANOVA

Required:

^RHowell, D. (1999). Chapter 11: Multiple Regression, pgs. 197-219.

^RHowell, D. C. (1999). Chapter 19: Chi-square, pgs. 371-389.

Recommended:

Rabachnick, B. & Fidell, L. (2001). Chapter 3: Chi-square analysis, pg. 55.

^RTabachnick, B. & Fidell, L. (2001). Chapter 3: Factorial Between-Subjects ANOVA, pgs. 40-45.

February 14	Repeated Measure ANOVA	Lab: Homework 2	J
		(Due 2/21)	

- I. Repeated Measures ANOVA Experimental/Treatment Design
- II. Within-Subjects Repeated Measures; Mixed Models ANOVA

Required:

RHowell, D. C. (1999). Chapter 18: Repeated-Measures Analysis of Variance, pgs. 357-368.

^RKessler, G., Ibrahim, F., & Harris, K. (1986). Character development in adolescence. Adolescence, 21, 1-9.

^OBumpus, M., Crouter, S., & McHale, S. (2001). Parental autonomy granting during adolescence: Exploring gender differences in context. Developmental Psychology, 37, 163-173.

February	21	Introduction of Covariance;	Lab: Homework 3	J
		The special case of ANCOVA	(Due 2/28)	
т т	Carraniatas	When is it announced to the same a conseriote	9	

I. Covariates – When is it appropriate to use a covariate?

II. Analysis of Covariance

^RHowell, D. C. (1999). Chapter 15: Power, pgs. 279-296.

^RCohen, J. (1992). A power primer. <u>Psychological Bulletin</u>, 112, 155-159.

^RHowell, D. C. (1999). Chapter 16: One-way Analysis of Variance, pgs. 299-331.

^RHowell, D. C. (1999). Chapter 17: Factorial Analysis of Variance, pgs. 335-353.

^RThomas, S., & Davison, M. (1983). Moral reasoning development and graduate education. Journal of Applied Developmental Psychology, 4, 227-238.

^RTabachnick, B. & Fidell, L. (2001). Chapter 3: Power, pg. 34.

^RTabachnick, B. & Fidell, L. (2001). Chapter 3: Hypothesis Testing & Analysis of Variance, pgs. 31-40.

Required:

^RTabachnick, B., & Fidell, L., (2001). Chapter 8: Analysis of Covariance, pgs. 275-321.

RHolman, T., & Li, B. (1997). Premarital factors influencing perceived readiness for marriage. Journal of Family Issues, 18, 124-144.

February 28	MANOVA	Lab: Homework 4	D
		(Due 3/14)	

I. Multivariate Analysis of Variance

Required:

RBray, J. H., & Maxwell, S. E. (1985). <u>Multivariate analysis of variance</u> (pg. 1-56). Beverly Hills, CA: Sage.

^RFuligini, A. J., & Eccles, J. S. (1993). Perceived parent-child relationships and early adolescents' orientation toward peers. <u>Developmental Psychology</u>, <u>29</u>, 622-632.

Recommended:

RTabachnik B. G., & Fidell, L. S. (2001). <u>Using Multivariate Statistics</u> (4th Ed.) Chapter 9, pgs. 322-390.

^RWeinfurt, K. (2000). Multivariate Analysis of Variance. In. L. Grimm & P. Yarnold (Eds.), <u>Reading and Understanding Multivariate Statistics</u> (pg. 245-276). Washington, DC: APA.

March	7	MANCOVA	Lab: Homework 4	D
			(Due 3/14)	

I. Multivariate Analysis of Covariance

Required:

Rabachnik B. G., & Fidell, L. S. (2001). <u>Using Multivariate Statistics</u> (4th Ed.) Chapter 9, pgs. 322-331, 346-352.

^REast, P. L., & Rook, K. S. (1992). Compensatory patterns of support among children's peer relationships: A test using school friends, nonschool friends, and siblings. <u>Developmental Psychology</u>, 28, 163-172.

Recommended:

Rabachnik B. G., & Fidell, L. S. (2001). <u>Using Multivariate Statistics</u> (4th Ed.) Chapter 9, pgs. 322-390.

March	14	Introduction to Factor Extraction	Lab: Homework 5	D
		Techniques: Principal Components	(Due 3/28)	
		Analysis(PCA) vs. Factor Analysis(FA)		

I. Multidimensional Scaling

Required:

Hair, J., Anderson, R., Tatham, R., & Black, W. (1998). Chapter 10: Multidimensional Scaling. pgs. 519-575.

Recommended:

RStalans, L. (2000). Multidimensional Scaling. In. L. Grimm & P. Yarnold (Eds.),

Reading and Understanding Multivariate Statistics (pp. 137-168).

Washington, DC: APA.

II. Factor Analysis

Required:

Hair, J., Anderson, R., Tatham, R., & Black, W. (1998). Chapter 3: Factor Analysis. pgs. 87-138.

^RVassend, O., & Skrondal, A. (1997). Validation of the NEO Personality Inventory and the five-factor model. Can findings from exploratory and confirmatory factor analysis be reconciled? <u>European Journal of</u> Personality, 11, 147-166.

Recommended:

Reading and Understanding Multivariate Statistics (pp. 99-136).

Washington, DC: APA.

Spring Recess	No Class		
March 28	Exploratory vs. Confirmatory Factor	Lab: Homework 6	D
	Analysis	(Due 4/10)	

I. Factor Analysis

Required:

See previous week's readings (cont'd).

- ^RAlwin, D. F. (1992). Factor Analysis. In E. F. Borgatta & M. L. Borgatta (Eds.), <u>Encyclopedia of Sociology</u> (pp. 621-638). New York: MacMillan.
- ^RSafran, S. A., Turk, C. L., & Heimberg, R. G. (1998). Factor structure of the Social Interaction Anxiety Scale and the Social Phobia Scale. <u>Behaviour</u> Research and Therapy, 36, 443-453.

April	4	Factor Analysis (continued) & a Short	Lab: Homework 6	D
		Presentation of Structural Equations	(Due 4/10)	
		Modeling		

I. Factor Analysis

Required:

See readings from previous two week's (cont'd).

II. A Brief Introduction to Structural Equation Modeling

Required:

- Hair, J., Anderson, R., Tatham, R., & Black, W. (1998). Chapter 11: Structural Equation Modeling. pgs. 577-644.
- ^RNix, R. L., Pinderhughes, E. E., Dodge, K. A., Bates, J. E., Pettit, G. S., & McFadyen-Ketchum, S. A. (1999). The relation between mothers' hostile attribution tendencies and children's externalizing behavior problems: The mediating role of mothers' harsh discipline practices. Child Development, 70, 896-909.

Recommended:

RHoyle, R. H. (1995). The structural equation modeling approach: Basic concepts and fundamental issues. In R. H. Hoyle (Ed.), <u>Structural equation</u> modeling: Concepts, issues, and applications (pp. 1-15). Thousand Oaks, CA: Sage.

April	11	No Class (Meeting of the Society for Research on Adolescence)
		Group Meetings Monday through Wednesday with Instructors to Discuss PresentationPrepare Presentations

Monday's Schedule	Class Presentations	
this Thursday –		
April 18	Schedule to be Announced	
April 25	Class Presentations	
	Schedule to be Announced	
May 2	(Reading Day)	
Final Exam	To Be Scheduled During Final Exam Week – TBA	

Course Requirements:

The course requirements include the following:

<u>Class Attendance and Participation</u>. Attendance for all class sessions is expected. Lectures will generally build on topics from the previous class(es), and consequently it would be in your best interest to attend all sessions. Do not hesitate to ask any question during class. The instructors will have the discretion to consider poor attendance when considering a student's final grade.

Biweekly Assignments (30 points each x 6 assignments = 180 points total). During the lab session we will be using SPSS to analyze data using the various statistical techniques that have been discussed in class. You will be expected to run the required statistics, interpret the analysis, and provide a write-up of the results. This write-up will consist of the student's short answers to specific questions related to the analysis, as well as a brief "results-type" write-up of the analysis. Students can work individually or as a group to run the analysis, however the write-up $\underline{\text{must}}$ be completed independently. These assignments will be due at the start of class on the day listed in the course outline.

Midterm and Final Exam (80 points each x 2 exams = 160 points). The purpose of the mid-term and final exams are to test students' knowledge in regard to the application of multivariate techniques. Each exam will require simple computations and essay responses. The final exam will not be cumulative. Exams will be "take-home"; students will be encouraged to use texts, course materials, and additional materials to answer exam questions to the best of their abilities. Students are required to complete each exam independently and without the help of any other person. Any student who does not complete the exams independently will be referred to the Dean of Arts and Sciences for infraction of the Tufts University honor code.

<u>Final Project and Presentation (60 points)</u>. As the instructors will discuss, statistical and methodological procedures should be approached as any substantive topic would be approached. The purpose of this final project is twofold: (1) students will learn

how to research and develop knowledge about a specific methodological/statistical topic, (2) students will develop presentation skills, and (3) each student will be introduced to a wide variety of multivariate topics and will be able to develop a set of readings that will "prime" you to use advanced multivariate techniques well beyond the parameters of this course.

To complete this project: students will prepare and deliver a presentation on a multivariate procedure or topic (see example topics listed below) that will be approximately 30 minutes in length. Students should present in pairs. In order to prepare for this presentation, students should do the following:

- (1) Choose a presentation partner
- (2) Rank order presentation topics (see below) that are of interest to the students or propose additional topics to instructors.
- (3) During the second class meeting we will choose topics and schedule presentations for class meetings on April 18th and 25th
- (4) Students should develop presentations during the semester
- (5) Students should schedule a meeting with one instructor before April 8th, or during the week of April 8th (M, Tu, or W) to go over materials that will be used for presentations
- (6) Presentations should include the following:
 - An oral overview of the topic highlighting the major issues associated with the technique.
 - An outline of the presentation for each student and instructors
 - 2 articles: <u>One</u> article that describes the technique/topic and the major points associated with the topic (i.e., a chapter from a textbook, etc.) and a <u>second</u> article in which the technique is used or is assessed.
 - A list of references used to create the presentation

Suggested Topics for presentations:

Canonical Correlation
Cluster Analysis
Discriminant Function Analysis
Growth Curve Analysis
Hierarchical Linear Analysis
Log Linear Analysis
Logistic Regression
Meta-Analysis
Survival Analysis

Grading Guidelines:

Final Total Points	80 400	
Mid-Term	80	
Final Project	60	
Biweekly Assignments	180 Points	(30 Points Each)

The following are strict grading guidelines for student grades out of a total possible 400 points:

<u>Grade</u>	Grade Range	Point Cut-off for this Grade
A	95-100%	380
A-	90-94.9%	360
B+	87-89.9%	348
В	84-86.9%	336
B-	80-83.9%	320
C+	77-79.9%	308
C	74-76.9%	296
C-	70-73.9%	280
D+	67-69.9%	268
D	64-66.9%	256
D-	60-63.9%	240
Fail	59.9% and below	Below 240